# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C.

# Form 10-Q

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2006 (Unaudited) Commission File Number 0-04041

# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC.

(Incorporated Under the Laws of the State of Colorado)

23 Inverness Way East, Suite 150 Englewood, Colorado 80112 Telephone: (303) 799-8520

# 84-0518115

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerate filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of Shares of the only class of Common Stock outstanding: 6,411,101 as of May 10, 2006

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# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	March 31, 2006			
Assets	_			
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	912	\$	624
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$314 and \$281 at March 31, 2006 and December				
31, 2005, respectively		11,595		10,087
Inventories, net		10,113		9,185
Deferred income taxes		407		402
Prepaid expenses and other		552		577
Total Current Assets		23,579		20,875
Property, plant and equipment, net		12,629		12,939
Deferred income taxes		557		582
Goodwill and intangible assets		18,760		18,941
Total Assets	\$	55,525	\$	53,337
Liabilities and Stockholders' Investment				
Current Liabilities:				
Current maturities of capital lease obligations	\$	187	\$	180
Debt obligations		8,516		7,155
Accounts payable		5,692		5,543
Accrued liabilities and other		4,578		3,877
Income taxes payable		742		664
Total Current Liabilities		19,715		17,419
Long-term capital lease obligations, net of current portion		86		92
Debt obligations, net of current portion		4,128		4,654
Deferred income taxes		1,858		1,862
Pension and post-retirement obligations		3,507		3,503
Total Liabilities		29,294		27,530
Commitments and Contingencies				
Stockholders' Investment:				
Preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share, authorized 5,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding		_		_
Common stock, no par value, authorized 50,000 shares; 6,411 and 6,369 shares issued and outstanding at				
March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively		15,016		14,991
Retained earnings		11,318		10,970
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(103)		(154)
Total Stockholders' Investment		26,231		25,807
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Investment	\$	55,525	\$	53,337

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In Thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2006 2005 Revenues 18,455 21,199 Cost of products sold (exclusive of amortization of acquired product designs and technologies intangibles) 16,459 14,367 Gross margin 4,740 4,088 Operating costs and expenses: 790 802

1,981

1,507

		000		0.05
Engineering and development		922		987
Amortization of intangible assets		251		256
Total operating costs and expenses		3,956		3,540
Operating income		784		548
Other expense, net:		(251)		(2(2)
Interest expense		(251)		(263)
Other expense, net		(19)		
Total other expense, net		(270)		(263)
Income before income taxes		514		285
Provision for income taxes		(166)		(117)
Net income	\$	348	\$	168
Basic net income per share:			_	
Net income per share	\$	0.06	\$	0.03
Basic weighted average common shares		6,247		6,084
Diluted net income per share:				
·	¢	0.05	¢	0.02
Net income per share	Ф	0.05	\$	0.02
Diluted weighted average common shares		6,587		7,139

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

For the three months

624

912

456

ended March 31. 2006 2005 **Cash Flows From Operating Activities:** \$ Net income 348 168 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 812 813 Provision for doubtful accounts 19 3 Provision for obsolete inventory 77 51 Deferred income taxes (58) 4 10 Loss on disposition of assets 47 28 (12)Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from disposition: (Increase) decrease in -Trade receivables (1,494)(1,423)Inventories, net (972)(450) Prepaid expenses and other 27 18 Increase (decrease) in -194 Accounts payable 116 Accrued liabilities and other 760 (853)Net cash used in operating activities (265)(1,502)**Cash Flows From Investing Activities:** Purchase of property and equipment (253)(579)Acquisition costs for Owosso Corporation (158)Net cash used in investing activities (253)(737)**Cash Flows From Financing Activities:** Borrowings on lines-of-credit, net 1,342 2,439 Repayments on term loans (545)(596) Proceeds from sales/leaseback 50 Repayment of capital lease obligations (51)(45) Stock transactions under employee benefit stock plans 290 Net cash provided by financing activities 803 2,088 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash 3 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 288 (144)

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31

Net cash paid during the period for:

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

# . Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates prevailing during the period. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates and monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation adjustments are included in the cumulative translation adjustment component of stockholders' investment in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the results of operations as incurred.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and include all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements which are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The Company believes that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The financial data for the interim periods may not necessarily be indicative of results to be expected for the year.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

It is suggested that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes to such statements included in the December 31, 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K previously filed by the Company.

# Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* ("SFAS 123R"), which is a revision of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* ("SFAS 123") and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and amends Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 95, *Statement of Cash Flows*. SFAS 123R requires measurement of all employee stock-based compensation awards using a fair-value method and the recording of such expense in the consolidated financial statements. The Company selected the Black-Scholes option-pricing model as the most appropriate fair-value method for stock option awards and will recognize compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the awards' vesting periods. The Company adopted SFAS 123R in the first quarter of 2006. See note 5 for further detail.

In November 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 151, *Inventory Costs* ("SFAS 151"), which amends the guidance in Accounting Research Bulletin No. 43, Chapter 4, *Inventory Pricing*. This statement requires abnormal amounts of idle facility

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expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material to be excluded from inventory costing and instead included as period expenses. In addition, this standard requires the allocation of fixed production overhead to be based on normal capacity of the production facilities. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2006 and it did not have an impact on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# 2. Inventories

Inventories, valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market, are as follows (in thousands):

	M	arch 31, 2006	D	ecember 31, 2005
Parts and raw materials	\$	8,001	\$	7,739
Work-in process		1,862		1,418
Finished goods		1,864		1,710
		11,727		10,867
Less reserves		(1,614)		(1,682)
	\$	10,113	\$	9,185

# 3. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is classified as follows (in thousands):

	arch 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Land	\$ 332	\$ 332
Building and improvements	4,537	4,537
Machinery, equipment, tools and dies	15,410	15,271
Furniture, fixtures and other	870	764
	 21,149	20,904
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,520)	(7,965)
	\$ 12,629	\$ 12,939

# 4. Stockholders' Equity

Changes in stockholders' equity for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31,					
	20	06		20		
	Shares Outstanding		Amount	Shares Outstanding		Amount
Balances at beginning of period	6,369	\$	25,807	6,070	\$	24,360
Stock transactions under employee benefit stock						
plans and option exercises	4		7	33		138
Stock-based compensation — restricted stock	38		12	_		_
Stock-based compensation — stock options	_		6	_		_
Payment on loan to Employee Stock Ownership						
Plan	_		_	_		155
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_		51	_		(128)
Net income	_		348	_		168
Balance at end of period	6,411		26,231	6,103		24,693

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# 5. <u>Stock-Based Compensation</u>

The Company's Year 2000 Stock Incentive Plan provides for awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights and restricted stock to employees and directors, as determined by the board of directors.

# Stock Options

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company implemented FASB Statement No. 123R (Statement 123R) *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123, adopting the modified prospective method of implementation. Statement 123R requires recognition of the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees in the income statement. The cost of share based payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. During the quarter ended March 31, 2006, the Company recognized \$6,000 in compensation expense related to outstanding stock options. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock-based awards as of March 31, 2006, was \$9,240 and is expected to be recognized over the remaining vesting term through the third quarter 2006.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for its employee stock compensation plans as prescribed under Accounting Principles Boards Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB Opinion 25). All options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant and therefore no stock-based compensation cost was reflected in net income. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock-based compensation plan been determined using the fair value of the options at the grant date, assuming the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, the Company's net income and income per share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below for the three months ended March 31, 2005 (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31, 2005
Net income:	
As reported	\$168
Pro forma	142
Basic net income per share:	
As reported	\$0.03
Pro forma	\$0.02
Diluted net income per share:	
As reported	\$0.02
Pro forma	\$0.02

The following is a summary of option activity, during the quarter ended March 31, 2006:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Remaining Contractual Term	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at beginning of period	1,448,650	\$ 3.62	4.1	
Granted	_	_		
Forfeited	(10,000)	4.37		
Exercised	(4,000)	1.77		

Outstanding at end of Period	1,434,650 \$	3.62	3.7 \$	208,000
Exercisable at end of period	1,427,650 \$	3.62	3.7 \$	182,000
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There have been no options granted since October, 2004. During the quarters ended March 31, 2006, options to purchase 4,000 were exercised with an aggregate intrinsic value totaling approximately \$10,000.

#### Restricted Stock

On March 31, 2006, 42,000 of unvested restricted stock awards were awarded with a value of \$3.795 per share. The value at the date of grant is amortized to compensation expense over the related three year vesting period. During the first quarter of 2006 and 2005, compensation expense, net of forfeitures, of \$12,000 and zero was recorded, respectively. None of the restricted shares awarded are vested as of March 31, 2006.

The following is a summary of restricted stock activity during the quarter ended March 31, 2006:

	of Shares
Outstanding at beginning of period	44,000
Granted	42,000
Forfeited	(2,000)
Outstanding at end of Period	84,000

# 6. <u>Earnings per Share</u>

Basic income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted income per share is determined by dividing the net income by the sum of (1) the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and (2) if not anti-dilutive, the effect of stock options determined utilizing the treasury stock method. Outstanding options totaling 340,000 and 1,055,000 had a dilutive effect for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Stock options to purchase 885,000 and zero shares of common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted income per share for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, since the results would have been anti-dilutive.

# 7. <u>Segment Information</u>

SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" requires disclosure of operating segments, which as defined, are components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Company operates in one segment for the manufacture and marketing of motion control products for original equipment manufacturers and end user applications. In accordance with SFAS No. 131, the Company's chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Office of the President and Chief Operating Officer, which reviews operating results to make decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance for the entire company. SFAS No. 131, which is based on a management approach to segment reporting, establishes requirements to report selected segment information quarterly and to report annually entity-wide disclosures about products and services, major customers, and the countries in which the entity holds material assets and reports revenue. All material operating units qualify for aggregation under SFAS No. 131 due

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to their similar customer base and similarities in: economic characteristics; nature of products and services; and procurement, manufacturing and distribution processes. Since the Company operates in one segment, all financial information required by SFAS No. 131 can be found in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and within this note.

The Company's wholly owned foreign subsidiary, Premotec, located in Dordrecht, The Netherlands is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Financial information related to the foreign subsidiaries is summarized below (in thousands):

For the three

		months ei	nded
	-	2006	2005
Revenues derived from foreign subsidiaries	\$	4,510 \$	3,392
Identifiable assets	\$	8,996 \$	8,744

Sales to customers outside of the United States by all subsidiaries were \$6,541,000 and \$5,108,000 during the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005.

 $During \ the \ quarters \ ended \ March \ 31, \ 2006 \ and \ 2005, \ no \ single \ customer \ accounted \ for \ more \ than \ 10\% \ of \ total \ revenues.$ 

# 8. <u>Comprehensive Income</u>

Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. It includes all changes in equity during a period except those resulting from investments by and distributions to stockholders.

Comprehensive income (loss) is computed as follows (in thousands):

	 For the thi ended M	
	2006	2005
Net income	\$ 348	\$ 168
Foreign currency translation adjustment	51	(128)
Comprehensive income	\$ 399	\$ 40

# 9. <u>Goodwill and Intangible Assets</u>

Included in goodwill and intangible assets on the Company's consolidated balance sheets are the following intangible assets (in thousands):

	N	March 31, Dec 2006		cember 31, 2005	Estimated Life
Goodwill	\$	12,859	\$	12,818	
Amortizable intangible assets					
Customer lists		4,388		4,371	8 years
Trade name		1,340		1,340	10 years
Design and technologies		2,512		2,494	8 years
Accumulated amortization		(2,339)		(2,082)	
Total intangible assets		5,901		6,123	
Total goodwill and intangible assets	\$	18,760	\$	18,941	

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The change in the carrying amount of goodwill for 2006 is as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 12,818	\$ 13,246
Effect of foreign currency translation	41	(326)
Other	_	(102)
Balance at end of period	\$ 12,859	\$ 12,818

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$251,000 and \$256,000, respectively.

# 10. <u>Debt Obligations</u>

Debt obligations consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2006		Dec	December 31, 2005	
Domestic revolving line-of-credit (A)	\$	5,589	\$	4,434	
Foreign revolving line-of-credit (B)		744		547	
Term loan payable to bank in monthly installments of \$90 plus interest at 8.68%, due					
in May 2007, secured by machinery and equipment		1,264		1,535	
Term loan payable to bank in monthly installments of \$59 plus interest at the bank's					
prime rate plus 0.75% (8.50% as of March 31, 2006), plus balloon payment of					
\$2,863, due in May 2007, secured by buildings, machinery and equipment		3,694		3,872	
Term loan payable to bank in quarterly installments of EUR 80 (\$97 at March 31,					
2006 exchange rate) plus interest at 4.74% until August, 2006, then at EURIBOR					
plus 2.5% with a minimum of 4.75%, due in July 2009, secured by Allied Motion					
Technologies, B.V. shares		1,353		1,421	
Total		12,644		11,809	
Less current maturities		(8,516)		(7,155)	
Long-term debt obligations	\$	4,128	\$	4,654	

- (A) Under the domestic revolving line-of-credit agreement (Agreement), the Company has available the lesser of (a)\$10,500,000 or (b) the sum of 85% of eligible trade accounts receivable (excluding Premotec) and 50% of eligible inventory, as defined in the Agreement. The line-of-credit expires in May 2007, unless extended. Under the Agreement, the Company utilizes lock-box arrangements whereby remittances from customers reduce the outstanding debt, therefore the line-of-credit balance has been classified as a current liability. Borrowings under the line-of-credit bear interest at a rate equal to the bank's prime rates plus 1% (8.75% as of March 31, 2006). All borrowings are collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company. The Agreement prohibits the Company from paying dividends and requires that the Company maintain compliance with certain covenants related to tangible net worth and fixed charge coverage. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. As of March 31, 2006, the amount available under the domestic line-of-credit was \$4,083,000.
- (B) Under the foreign line-of-credit agreement (Foreign Agreement), the Company has available the lesser of (a) EUR 1.25 million, or (b) 85% of eligible trade accounts receivable of

The Company has a bank overdraft facility payable to bank with no monthly repayments required, interest due at the bank's base rate plus 2%, minimum of 5.25% (5.25% as of March 31, 2006), due on demand, secured by Premotec's inventory. EUR 200 (\$242,000 at March 31, 2006 exchange rate) was available at March 31, 2006.

# 11. Pension and Postretirement Welfare Plans

#### Pension Plan

Motor Products has a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all of its hourly union employees hired prior to April 10, 2002 The benefits are based on years of service, the employee's compensation during the last three years of employment, and accumulated employee contributions.

Components of the net periodic pension expense included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations are as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31,		
	2006	2005	
Service cost	\$ 32 \$	36	
Interest cost on projected benefit obligations	56	58	
Expected return on assets	(72)	(69)	
Net periodic pension expense	\$ 16 \$	25	

The minimum required contribution for 2005 of \$74,446 is expected to be paid by the date the Company files its U.S. income tax return or September 15, 2006, whichever is earlier. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$75,000 to the pension plan for 2006.

#### Postretirement Welfare Plan

Motor Products provides postretirement medical benefits and life insurance benefits to current and former employees hired before January 1, 1994 who retire from Motor Products. Employees who retire after January 1, 2002 must have twenty or more years of continuous service in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits. Partial contributions from retirees are required for the medical insurance benefits. The Company's portion of the medical insurance premiums are funded from the general assets of the Company. The Company recognizes the expected cost of providing such post-retirement benefits during employees' active service periods.

Net periodic postretirement benefit costs included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations are as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31,		
	 2006		2005
Service cost	\$ 2	\$	20
Interest cost	7		47
Amortization of (gain) loss	1		8
Net periodic postretirement costs	\$ 10	\$	75

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The Company contributed \$10,000 to the postretirement welfare plan during the three months ended March 31, 2006. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$79,000 to the postretirement welfare plan during 2006.

# 12. <u>Reclassifications</u>

Certain prior year balances were reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Those reclassifications had no impact on net income, stockholders' investment or cash flows from operations as previously reported.

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# ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

All statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate, or imply future results, performance, or achievements, and may contain the word "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "project," "intend," "will continue," "will likely result," "should" or words or phrases of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results of the Company to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties include international, national and local general business and economic conditions in the Company's motion markets, introduction of new technologies, products and competitors, the ability to protect the Company's intellectual property, the ability of the Company to sustain, manage or forecast its growth and product acceptance, success of new corporation strategies and implementation of defined critical issues designed for growth and improvement in profits, the continued success of the Company's customers to allow the Company to realize revenues from its order backlog and to support the Company's expected delivery schedules, the continued viability of the Company's customers and their ability to adapt to changing technology and product demand, the ability of the Company to meet the technical specifications of its customers, the continued availability of parts and components, increased competition and changes in competitor responses to the Company's products and services, changes in government regulations, availability of financing, the ability of the Company's lenders and financial institutions to provide additional funds if needed for operations or for making future acquisitions or the ability of the Company to obtain alternate financing if present sources of financing are terminated, the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel who can design new applications and products for the motion industry, the ability of the Company to identify and consummate favorable acquisitions to support external growth and new technology, the ability of the Company to establish Chinese manufacturing and component sourcing capabilities, and the ability of the Company to control costs for the purpose of improving profitability. The Company's ability to compete in

this market depends upon its capacity to anticipate the need for new products, and to continue to design and market those products to meet customers' needs in a competitive world. Actual results, events and performance may differ materially. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. The Company has no obligation or intent to release publicly any revisions to any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors, nor can it assess the impact of all such risk factors on its business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed to have a reasonable basis; however, the Company makes no assurance that expectations, beliefs or projections will be achieved.

#### Overview

Allied Motion designs, manufactures and sells motion products to a broad spectrum of customers throughout the world primarily for the commercial motor, industrial motion control, and aerospace and defense markets. The Company's products are used in demanding applications in medical equipment, HVAC systems for trucks, busses and off-road vehicles, the specialty automotive market, industrial automation, pumps, health-fitness, defense, aerospace, semiconductor manufacturing, fiber optic-based telecommunications, printing, and graphic imaging market sectors, to name a few.

Today, five companies form the core of Allied Motion. The companies, Emoteq, Computer Optical Products, Motor Products, Stature Electric and Premotec offer a wide range of standard motors, encoders and drives for original equipment manufacturers (OEM) and end user applications. A particular strength of each company is its ability to design and manufacture custom motion control solutions to meet the needs of its customers.

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The Company has made considerable progress in implementing its new corporate strategy, the driving force of which is "Applied Motion Technology/Know How". The Company's commitment to Allied's Systematic Tools, or AST for short, is driving continuous improvement in quality, delivery, cost and growth. AST utilizes a tool kit to effect desired changes through well defined processes such as Strategy Deployment, Target Marketing, Value Stream Mapping, Material Planning, Standard Work and Single Minute Exchange of Dies.

One of the Company's major challenges is to maintain and improve price competitiveness. The Company's customers are continually being challenged by their markets and competitors to be price competitive and they are requiring their suppliers to deliver the highest quality product at the lowest price possible. In 2004, the Company began production of motor sub-assemblies at a sub-contract manufacturing facility in China. During 2005, the Company made significant progress in establishing production of finished products in China, however it was delayed in putting into production the programs that the Company expects will generate a significant profit swing for some of its projects. The Company anticipates that it will be able to complete these programs during 2006.

The Company's products contain certain metals, and the Company has been experiencing increases in the costs of these metals, particularly copper, steel and zinc, which are key materials in its products. The Company has reacted by aggressively sourcing material at lower cost from Asian markets, combining the sourcing of metals to benefit from volume purchasing and by passing on surcharges to its customers.

The Company has an aggressive motor development plan for five new standalone products and two new product lines that leverage the combined technology base of the Allied Motion companies. The Company continues to focus on new product designs that design-out cost, provide higher performance and meet the needs of its served markets. Early in 2006, the Company announced several new motor designs targeted at various markets. Each of these motors are targeted at precision motor applications. It normally takes twelve months to get new products designed into new customer applications. All product development efforts are focused on adding value for its customers in its served markets.

Management believes the strategy it has developed for the Company will accomplish its long term goals of increasing shareholder value through the continued strengthening of the foundation necessary to achieve growth in sales and profitability.

# **Operating Results**

NET INCOME The Company had net income of \$348,000 or \$.05 per diluted share for the first quarter 2006 compared to net income of \$168,000 or \$.02 per diluted share for the same quarter last year.

EBITDA EBITDA was \$1,577,000 for the first quarter 2006 compared to \$1,352,000 for the same quarter last year. EBITDA is a non-GAAP measurement that consists of income before interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization. See information included in "Non - GAAP Measures" below for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA.

REVENUES Revenues were \$21,199,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2006 compared to \$18,455,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2005. This 15% increase is primarily attributable to increased sales in medical, industrial and aerospace and defense markets slightly offset by a decrease in the vehicle market.

ORDER BACKLOG At March 31, 2006, order backlog was approximately \$29,500,000 which is a 17% increase over December 31, 2005.

GROSS MARGINS Gross margin as a percentage of revenues was 22% for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005. While the Company's overall margins were similar between periods, the Company achieved an improvement in margins from its industrial motion business offset by lower margins provided by its commercial motor business. Additionally, the Company increased production at its Asian manufacturing facility and started to realize cost improvements in some product lines.

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SELLING EXPENSES Selling expenses in the first quarter were \$802,000 compared to \$790,000 for the first quarter last year. This decrease as a percentage of revenues from 3.75% in the quarter ended March 31, 2006 compared to 4.3% in the same quarter last year relates to a decrease in sales upon which commissions are paid.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES General and administrative expenses were \$1,981,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2006 compared to \$1,507,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2005. Of this \$474,000 increase, approximately 40% related to increased audit fees, 52% related to increased incentive bonus expense, salaries and employee benefit costs.

ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES Engineering and development expenses were \$922,000 in the first quarter and \$987,000 in the same quarter last year. The Company continues to focus resources on new motor designs to meet the needs of its served markets.

AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS Amortization of intangible assets expense was \$251,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2006 and \$256,000 in the same quarter last year.

INTEREST EXPENSE Interest expense for the first quarter ended March 31, 2006 was \$251,000 compared to \$263,000 in the quarter ended March 31, 2005.

INCOME TAXES Provision for income taxes was \$166,000 for the first quarter this year compared to \$117,000 in the first quarter last year. The effective rate used to record income taxes is based on projected income for the fiscal year and differs from the statutory amounts primarily due to the impact of differences in state and foreign tax rates. The effective income tax rate as a percentage of income before income taxes was 32% and 41% in the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The difference in the effective tax rates between periods was primarily due to a greater portion of income derived from a foreign jurisdiction with a lower tax rate and a reduction in enacted tax rates in the foreign jurisdiction.

#### **Non-GAAP Measures**

EBITDA is not a defined term under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (non-GAAP measures). Non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income or cash flow data prepared in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to calculations of similarly titled measures by other companies.

EBITDA is provided for information purposes only and should not be viewed as indicative of actual or future results. EBITDA is presented because the Company believes that certain investors may use it as supplemental information to evaluate a company's ability to service its indebtedness. EBITDA does not represent and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating income, net cash provided by operating activities or any other measure for determining operating performance or liquidity that is calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's calculation of EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31, 2006	For the three months ended March 31, 2005
Net income	\$ 348	\$ 168
Interest expense	251	263
Provision for income tax	166	117
Depreciation and amortization	812	813
Income before interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,361

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# Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash and cash equivalents increased \$288,000 during the quarter to \$912,000 at March 31, 2006. The increase compares to a decrease of \$144,000 in the same period last year.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$265,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2006. Cash provided by operations included net income of \$348,000 plus non-cash charges for depreciation and amortization of \$812,000, provisions for doubtful accounts, obsolete inventory and deferred income taxes totaling \$100,000 and other non-cash adjustments of \$38,000. Cash used in operations included an increase in trade receivables and inventories of \$1,494,000 and \$972,000, respectively, reflecting increases in sales volume, partially offset by an increase in accounts payable of \$116,000. The increase in accrued liabilities was the result of an increase in employee benefits and payroll taxes.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$253,000 and \$737,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. During the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company paid zero and \$158,000, respectively, of expenses related to the acquisition of Owosso Corporation. Purchases of property and equipment were \$253,000 and \$579,000 in the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Most of the equipment purchases during the quarter ended March 31, 2005 were related to the set-up of motor sub-assembly manufacturing in China.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$803,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 compared to \$2,088,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2005. Borrowings on the lines-of-credit, net of repayments during the quarter ended March 31, 2006 were \$1,342,000 compared to \$2,439,000 for the same period last year. In the quarter ended March 31, 2006, the Company made payments of \$545,000 on its term loans compared to payments of \$596,000 in the same period last year. During the quarter ended March 31, 2006 the Company received \$7,000 from employee stock options exercises compared to \$290,000 from employee benefit plans in the quarter ended March 31, 2005, which consisted of \$124,000 from employee stock option exercises and \$172,000 from its employee stock ownership plan offset by \$6,000 of treasury stock purchased from employees.

The Company's working capital, capital expenditure and debt service requirements are expected to be funded from cash provided by operations, the Company's existing cash balance and amounts available under its line-of-credit facilities. As of March 31, 2006, the Company had \$4,574,000 available on the lines-of-credit and overdraft facility. The Company believes the capital currently available to it is sufficient for its currently anticipated needs for the next twelve months, but if additional capital is needed in the future, the Company would pursue additional capital via debt or equity financing. A key component of the Company's liquidity relates to the availability of amounts under its lines-of-credit. Any lack of availability of these facilities could have a material adverse impact on the Company's liquidity position.

At March 31, 2006, the Company had \$12,644,000 of bank debt obligations representing borrowings on lines-of-credit, term loans and an overdraft facility.

Under the domestic revolving line-of-credit agreement (Agreement), the Company has available the lesser of (a)\$10,500,000 or (b) the sum of 85% of eligible trade accounts receivable (excluding Premotec) and 50% of eligible inventory, as defined in the Agreement. The line-of-credit expires in May 2007, unless extended. Under the Agreement, the Company utilizes lock-box arrangements whereby remittances from customers reduce the outstanding debt, and therefore the line-of-credit balance has been classified as a current liability. Borrowings under the line-of-credit bear interest at a rate equal to the bank's prime rates plus 1% (8.75% as of March 31, 2006). All borrowings are collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company. The Agreement prohibits the Company from paying dividends and requires that the Company

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maintain compliance with certain covenants related to tangible net worth and fixed charge coverage. As of March 31, 2006 the amount available under the domestic line-of-credit was \$4,083,000.

Under the foreign line-of-credit agreement (Foreign Agreement), the Company has available the lesser of (a) EUR 1.25 million, or (b) 85% of eligible trade accounts receivable of Premotec as defined in the Foreign Agreement. The line-of-credit expires in August 2006. The Company is currently in discussions with the bank regarding renewal of its foreign line-of-credit and believes it will be successful in renewing the agreement. Borrowings under the line-of-credit bear interest at a rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 1.75%, with a minimum of 4.75% (5.00% at March 31, 2006). Under the Foreign Agreement, remittances from customers reduce the outstanding debt, therefore the balance has been classified as a current liability. As of March 31, 2006 the amount available under the foreign line-of-credit was \$249,000.

The EUR 200,000 bank overdraft facility bears an interest rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 2%, with a minimum of 5.25% (5.25% at March 31, 2006). The facility has no expiration date. As of March 31, 2006, the amount available under the overdraft facility was \$242,000.

# Critical Accounting Policies

The Company has prepared its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and these statements necessarily include some amounts that are based on informed judgments and estimates of management. The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The policies are reviewed on a regular basis. The Company's critical accounting policies are subject to judgments and uncertainties which affect the application of such policies. The Company uses historical experience and all available information to make these judgments and estimates. As discussed below the Company's financial position or results of operations may be materially different when reported under different conditions or when using different assumptions in the application of such policies. In the event estimates or assumptions prove to be different from actual amounts, adjustments are made in subsequent periods to reflect more current information. The Company's critical accounting policies include:

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. The allowance is based on historical experience and judgments based on current economic and customer specific factors. Significant judgments are made by management in connection with establishing the Company's customers' ability to pay at the time of shipment. Despite this assessment, from time to time, the Company's customers are unable to meet their payment obligations. The Company continues to monitor customers' credit worthiness, and use judgment in establishing the estimated amounts of customer receivables which may not be collected. A significant change in the liquidity or financial position of the Company's customers could have a material adverse impact on the collectibility of accounts receivable and future operating results.

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The Company monitors and forecasts expected inventory needs based on sales forecasts. Inventory is written down or written off when it becomes obsolete or when it is deemed excess. These determinations involve the exercise of significant judgment by management. If actual market conditions are significantly different from those projected by management the recorded reserve may be adjusted, and such adjustments may have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. Demand for the Company's products can fluctuate significantly, and in the past the Company has recorded substantial charges for inventory obsolescence.

The Company records deferred tax assets and liabilities for the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements, and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Realization of the recorded deferred tax assets is dependent upon the Company generating sufficient taxable income in the appropriate tax jurisdiction in future years to obtain benefit from the reversal of net deductible temporary differences and from tax credit and operating loss carryforwards. A valuation allowance is provided to the extent that management deems it more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets will not be realized. The amount

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of deferred tax assets considered realizable is subject to adjustment in future periods if estimates of future taxable income are changed.

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets, including goodwill and identifiable intangibles, in accordance with SFAS No. 142. SFAS No. 142 provides a fair value test to evaluate goodwill and long-lived asset impairment. As part of the review, the Company estimates future cash flows. Depending upon future assessments of fair value and estimated future cash flows, there could be impairment recorded related to goodwill and other long-lived assets.

The Company provides pension and postretirement benefits for certain domestic retirees and records the cost of the obligations based on estimates. The net periodic costs are recognized as employees render the services necessary to earn the benefits. Several assumptions are used to calculate the expense and liability related to the plans including the discount rate, the expected rate of return on plan assets, the future rate of compensation increases and health care cost increases. The discount rate is selected based on a bond pricing model that relates to the projected future cash flows of benefit obligations. Actuarial assumptions used are based on demographic factors such as retirement and mortality. Actual results could vary materially from the Company's actuarial assumptions, which may have an impact on the amount of reported expense or liability for pension or postretirement benefits.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company due to adverse changes in financial and commodity market prices and rates. The Company is exposed to market risk in the areas of changes in interest rates and changes in foreign currency exchange rates as measured against the United States dollar. These exposures are directly related to its normal operating and funding activities.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The interest payable on the Company's domestic and foreign lines-of-credit and its foreign term loan are variable based on the prime rate and Euribor, and are effected by changes in market interest rates. The Company does not believe that reasonably possible near-term changes in interest rates will result in a material effect on future earnings, fair values or cash flows of the Company. A change in the interest rate of 1% on the Company's variable rate debt would have the impact of changing interest expense by approximately \$100,000 annually.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

On August 23, 2004, the Company completed the acquisition of Premotec, located in The Netherlands. Sales from this operation are denominated in Euros, thereby creating exposures to changes in exchange rates. The changes in the Euro/U.S. exchange rate may positively or negatively affect the Company's sales, gross margins, net income and retained earnings. The Company does not believe that reasonably possible near-term changes in exchange rates will result in a material effect on future earnings, fair values or cash flows of the Company.

#### **Item 4.** Controls and Procedures

The Company's controls and procedures include those designed to ensure that material information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. As of March 31, 2006 the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner as required by Exchange Act reports such as this Form 10-Q and concluded that they are effective.

There has not been any changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2006 that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 4. Submissions of Matters to Vote of Security Holders

The Company held its annual stockholders' meeting on April 27, 2006. At the Annual Meeting, the stockholders of the Company (i) elected the persons listed below to serve as directors of the Company for the coming year and (ii) approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation to delete the provisions fixing the number of directors of the Company.

Proposal 1: Election of Directors.

Nominee	For	Withheld	Total Shares Outstanding	% of Shares Voting For
E.E. Prince	4,749,941	521,190	6,373,351	74.5 %
R.D. Smith	4,581,766	689,365	6,373,351	71.9%
D.D. Hock	4,853,894	417,237	6,373,351	76.2%
G.D. Hubbard	5,206,772	64,359	6,373,351	81.7%
G.J. Pilmanis	4,855,192	415,939	6,373,351	76.2 %
M.M. Robert	5,220,447	50.684	6.373.351	81.9%

Proposal 2: Amendment to approve the Articles of Incorporation

		% of Voted Shares
For	Against	Voting For
5 104 466	55 077	08 0 0/

# Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits
  - 10.1 Performance measures under the Company's Employee Incentive Bonus Plan for the year ending December 31, 2006 (a written description thereof is set forth in Item 1.01 of the Company's Form 8-K filed February 23, 2006)
  - 31.1. Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 31.2 Certification of the President and Chief Operating Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - 32.2 Certification of the President and Chief Operating Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.					
DATE:	May 8, 2006	ALLIED MOTION TECHNOLOGIES INC.			
			/s/ Richard D. Smith Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer		

# CERTIFICATION

- I, Richard D. Smith, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Allied Motion Technologies Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a—15(e) and 15d—15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Omitted;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2006 /s/ Richard D. Smith

Richard D. Smith Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director

# CERTIFICATION

- I, Richard S. Warzala, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Allied Motion Technologies Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a—15(e) and 15d—15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Omitted;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2006 /s/ Richard S. Warzala

Richard S. Warzala President and Chief Operating Officer

# Certification of Periodic Financial Reports Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Allied Motion Technologies Inc. (the "Company") certifies to his knowledge that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in that Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 8, 2006 /s/ Richard D. Smith

Richard D. Smith Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

# Certification of Periodic Financial Reports Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Allied Motion Technologies Inc. (the "Company") certifies to his knowledge that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in that Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 8, 2006 /s/ Richard S. Warzala

Richard S. Warzala President and Chief Operating Officer